## Physical Education Readiness for Year One

## EYFS Statutory Educational Programme - Physical Development

Physical activity is vital in children's all-round development, enabling them to pursue happy, healthy and active lives. Gross and fine motor experiences develop incrementally throughout early childhood, starting with sensory explorations and the development of a child's strength, co-ordination and positional awareness through tummy time, crawling and play movement with both objects and adults. By creating games and providing opportunities for play both indoors and outdoors, adults can support children to develop their core strength, stability, balance, spatial awareness, co-ordination and agility. Gross motor skills provide the foundation for developing healthy bodies and social and emotional well-being. Fine motor control and precision helps with hand-eye co-ordination, which is later linked to early literacy. Repeated and varied opportunities to explore and play with small world activities, puzzles, arts and crafts and the practice of using small tools, with feedback and support from adults, allow children to develop proficiency, control and confidence.

Within the Reception year children will	Statutory Framework	Key Stage One National Curriculum
be learning to:	Early Learning Goals	Objectives
Expressive Arts and Design	Expressive Arts and Design Being Imaginative and Expressive:	Physical Education  Pupils should develop fundamental movement
<ul> <li>Listen attentively, move to and talk about music, expressing their feelings and responses.</li> <li>Watch and talk about dance and performance art, expressing their feelings and responses.</li> <li>Explore and engage in music making and dance, performing solo or in groups.</li> </ul>	Perform songs, rhymes, poems and stories with others and (when appropriate) try to move in time to the music.	skills, becoming increasingly competent and confident and access a broad range of opportunities to extend their agility, balance and coordination, individually and with others. They should be able to engage in competitive (both against self and against others) and cooperative physical activities, in a range of increasingly challenging situations.
Physical Development	Physical Development Gross Motor Skills:	Master basic movements including running,
<ul> <li>Revise and refine the fundamental movement skills they have already acquired: rolling, crawling, walking, jumping, running, hopping, skipping, climbing.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Negotiate space and obstacles safely, with consideration for themselves and others.</li> <li>Demonstrate strength, balance and coordination when playing.</li> </ul>	jumping, throwing and catching, as well as developing balance, agility and co-ordination, and begin to apply these in a range of activities.  Participate in team games, developing simple
<ul> <li>Progress towards a more fluent style of moving, with developing control and grace.</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Move energetically, such as running, jumping, dancing, hopping, skipping and climbing.</li> </ul>	tactics for attacking and defending.  • Perform dances using simple movement
Develop the overall body strength, co- ordination, balance and agility needed to engage successfully with future physical education sessions and other physical		patterns.

disciplines including dance, gymnastics, sport and swimming.		
<ul> <li>Combine different movements with ease and fluency.</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Confidently and safely use a range of large and small apparatus indoors and outside, alone and in a group.</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Develop overall body-strength, balance, co- ordination and agility.</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Further develop and refine a range of ball skills including: throwing, catching, licking, passing, batting and aiming.</li> </ul>		
<ul> <li>Develop confidence, competence, precision and accuracy when engaging in activities that involve a ball.</li> </ul>		